3/5/2009, EAST Version: 2.3.0.3

storage modulus at 80°C and ≥l×105 Pa storage modulus at ≤ 5× 104 Pa storage modulus at 25°C prior to laminating and curing,

≥l×l05

SOLUTION: This filmlike adhesive has performances of

compared with that of a conventional adhesive.

sccurscy possessed by a film type adhesive and excellent productivity

properties to fine shapes possessed by a liquid type adhesive and

laminating substrates of optical recording media having both follow-

adhesive for

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To obtain a high-performance filmlike

: TDAXT28A

' GIIB007/26

CIIBOO1/54

INT-CL (IPC): C09J007/00, C09J133/02, C09J133/06, C09J201/00,

February 15, 2001 YPPL-DATE:

JP2001039049 :OM-J44A

HITACHI CHEM CO LTD

MAME

YESICHEE-INFORMATION:

IKETANI, TAKUJI DOBASHI, AKIHIKO

HMAN

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

August 28, 2002 FUBN-DATE:

WELHOD EOR PRODUCING OPTICAL RECORDING MEDIUM

FIRMLIKE ADHESIVE FOR OPTICAL RECORDING MEDIUM

 $A \setminus N$

 $A \setminus N$

 $A \setminus N$

COUNTRY

COUNTRY

<u>QNA</u>

TITLE:

A LITLASSOOS GU DOCOMENT-IDENTIFIEE:

JP02002241711A :ON-TAG

80°C after the laminating and curing.

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3/5/2009, EAST Version: 2.3.0.3

日番開公園出着執(11)

(A) 舞 公 指 耕 開 公 (SI)

(91) 有精粹固本目(91)

特開2002-241711 (P2002-241711A)

>蔣四頁獎最

(43)公開日 平成14年8月28日(2002.8.28)

沙拉日 谢餐0311宮南五李大市遠干與嶽凌 內預業專宮兩五括会友科馨工漁 608880001 人經升(b?) (各8代) 麻餮 被三 士鰹牲					·			
	1 1 1 1 1 1	#葉工 谷郎 著剛発(27)						
224400000 人職出(ff)					鈴鰀 2001−39049(5001′5′12) 水暖13年5月12日(5001′5′12)	(12) 日 湖 田(22)		
>蔣5/頁錄最	(夏 8 金)	OF	上屬の	取來簡 來觸末	永精査審			
	S I 7 9		1 78/.	CIIB	I 7 9	CIIB 1/34		
2 D 1 S 1	201/00			S01		00/10Z		
2 D O S 3	133/0e 2 D O S 6			EE1	90/821			
41040			Z0/8	3EI		133/05		
41004			00/2	C 0 0 1		C 0 8 1 1/00		
(李卷), 1-52-	-₹			ЬI	台頭服飾	(21) Put Cl. ^v		

去式畫獎の村類屬場光진页廢蓄對光ムバトて用本數屬場光 【神各の即発】(A2)

a以下で、貼付け硬化後の80°Cの貯蔵弾性率が1×1

Os Pa以上の性能を有する。

3/5/2009, EAST Version: 2.3.0.3

代十不心性が近るではつ等イッソな解剤なれるカ洲の層 これらの粘着剤シート類では、DVD-ROM等の信号 、しんし。るいフパを柔野や酸イーン解養部からよるい 248練門の金融で台976862-01回る各077

[5000] 。るいアれられ代い動るか合備の著針鱼生の業金るす **意興多々ストデ光やでトそのてトデメ 、ゆぶる後の題問** の等山曽の費拌材や大曽の野工、できが要少るで布整い 前車多間樹型小野線内線の水新、されるこるで主発が食 園川期根因ファよい人員の等化水や私丛巻巻の配展、ブ

3.國無な要重が上向な副大の表替ら昇の層函数(一サー 4) 光力は含多限蓄熱が及外内虧の含製の液基るす過透 短波長化、レンスの高いA化が進み、光(レーザー)が (0一サーイるパら用動、パら本要や夏澄経症の高でよね) つでトや升出水、全既【觀點るやろくよ」光翔が伊発】

所養教の来並、さ科サは合多支精を単で特が所養教ので トタムれトてる計が返るではこれ状路線で行び降番巻の でトや状態、私識に別れて土は、制肥発本【も000】 "タリストダ

世田接着剤を提供することを目的とする。 は合作。現の所基本製製品法の指針高され着や計画主作よ

[7000]

、かい整時の開発本しかり 見るとこる得し加重を四目の世外本や附着新井ムハトC マ示き動の宝符な率性検験では後の射動やは対しは、 沢、本発明者もは鋭意研究を重ねた結果、貼付け前の貯 (私式るで加重を附月151、(別手のの式るで水瀬を膨脹)

(0新)) 動るよい機関線構成 よば着剤は入いりて用剤類 経場光の伊発本、又、るちと黄君多くこるまつのよるよ 1)根別熱様が込む野児上、北部蓄新光ム小トで用効熱粒 玉光の神経本 , X 。 る する 放射 多 と こ る 专 有 参 請 卦 の 土 率が60%以下で、貼付け硬化機のゲル分率が80%以率 代小ヤの前小動わけ出、よば着数状ム小トで用本数線話 米の世発本、ス、るセム冒要多所蓄勢がムルトと用却製 録[5] 大きな計画の上以より 0 1×1 位率計算数 性率拉5×104 Pa以下で、貼付け硬化後の80℃の での低級弾性率が1×105 Palle、80での低級弾 【0008】すなわち、本発明は、貼付け硬化商の25

。るする高計をとこるなる。4世代のと前 のでを組え、重量平均分子量が15万未満のアクリル樹 **分表監修連太で代く部勘小リイヤの土以刊の『分量子代** 心平量重 、プイ以つつ、小変晶移通木では、よ川降落掛がム 小トて用**本数録55光へ世条本**、又、るする遺科をとこる なる。仏院養類系訓園小世々てるヤ直多合語薫二成湖不の 騰盛、JS分別主き枠合重のハモスエのされそむ又籍ハ 製練55米の肥発本、X、る下と放計さらこるまでのよす 示多ストへの下以終さる率配数数米の土以後の8分割時

五介二間の疎基の対2るも強務全権機能洗金降蓄鉄木 02 752-8平開替され点の遺骸を買 , 六一【b000】 イルトでのれずい話上、表明発本、記載【6000】

° 9 42

小要处る个加供考閲题和UIR,51/65/40年上前含金額る よい独設もず主発され時が開か断れば小野外を発生する強酸によ それ、X いなさつ用恵むつ薄基の胆透不加壁外類線代

業系れないで、>別社寛鮮ら興む順養豊財務場上、しむ J、るいフなる用動やムルトと辞録刊整や解養類状剤の 型小野線代梁系ンヤモなび及系れないで、よりフリム降巻 第の割下は合くは多別基の外と第二、来が【そのの0】

。そいてしく数をら見の開發語の効果。 はたるや

>なせる警察のイバモよフリ用動きX V JのA N高ブー

サーマの具波展、ではアカホ戸が真がなり離びしる神製

は、記録密度を飛躍的に高めたDVDはCDに替る記録 科。るいてれる加齢でれるも合作出つい豆、多類基々ス トデ光の対2るで直多開経場は対1とろな少、0.6位 (スストデ光) 刺腺検延光 コペンの 対線 るす鍵 語 多婚 育の軟各やや割たマ3、や割木5千一木(南鉄の来類) [0000]

。6个图33五代

武爆の対熱経延光るい用き附着類の多辺及阻蓄類状ム小

こるせら小野でよい棟原線開新により硬化させるこ

間の两基の対くるや海路を料線経過光多路蓄熱状ムれい

ての嫌品の取しながでいる~「取来館 【7.原本館】

語この社合なからなる諸本項3~5のいずれか!項に記

励小じてての商未正さ「垃圾午公郎平量重」、5時多20

| 日本量車 、フイバンの公園監球温太でひ 【 も能末請】

E 東末航るなら心障害衆系制励カリイでるす音を合計並

二時趙不の諸雄、JS代加主多林合憲のハテスエのみれ

予むX額ハリベベ×む> J 寄麹ハリベヤ 【ご原末部】

光の雄揺を原本酷るなブのもや示きストンの不以終さら

本配表解光の土は208位計時の銀外類 【4原本語】

【語来項3】 上記硬化が放射線照射による硬化である

で、貼付け硬化後のかい分率が80%以上の性能を有す

O Pall Lの性能を有する光記録媒体用フィルム状機

1×174率が整備での2080をかります。

×10° Pa以上、80°Cの貯蔵弾性率が5×10° P

「清本項」】 貼付け硬化前の25℃の貯蔵弾性率が1

T

T以20 3 分率代小文の商出郷刊計製 【2 射末離】

。原善勢がムバトて用料熟練品光の薄品におび上班本能

。降酵對ガムバトて用剤製練原洗の遺信!與本籠る

。廃香製状ムれたて用料製練活法の舞品にはより又

02 位置部外を行っていたのでは、100円は、ガラス転移温度が 20

[[0000]

[梅雅之畔栽の梅珠]

。五代直線の本類線55光るならせる

。降酵類状ムれたて用料製練気光の鏡

。隋春野ガム小トて用本線検送

【囲跡の末龍荒井】

3/5/2009, EAST Version: 2.3.0.3

01

(Z)

共らるもう見容が整視の針解、八数に打脚数、より降春類 [0100] 茶部園小いでて、よう内の路書類野各品土【2100】 。るする言要多去古意媒体和類解語光るな . & A. T させ、誘張審剤を放射線照射により硬化させることから

(E)

又。貼付け硬化後の80℃の貯蔵弾性率が1×10°P 。いなもつ保証な信号とットに対する追ば性が確保できない。 森姓性率が5×10°Pa以上のものでは、光記森林本 のものでは、職の形状を除っことが禁しく、80℃の貯 情は硬化前の25℃の散露弾性率が1×106 Pa未満 現。るれてのよるすすを鎖型のAP 901×1~AP 8 Paで、貼付け硬化後の80℃の貯蔵弾性率が5×10 a、80°Cの貯蔵弾性率が1×102 Pa~2×104 の25℃の貯蔵弾性率が5×105 Pa~1×107 P 性能を有するものであるが、好ましくは、貼付け硬化前 け硬化後の80.Cの貯蔵薄性率か1×10g Pa以上の 上、80℃の貯蓄弾性率が5×10°Pa以下で、貼付 付け硬化前の25℃の貯蔵弾性率が1×106 Pa以 胡、北府喜新井ムハトての肥発本【超級の動業の開発】

ε

るや主発社で予コペストデ 、C かれ城市療養や太ト平の が2. ゴサム合で胡い利用動の所養数、よりブのJの高末を

セルヤケ、HBR、ムと然天、まれてしる「暗着對系ムと 、るきつ用動さのとさせた合み服をされて、れる判挙が 等限蓄級系制樹くそづや、原蓄熱系開樹くを沈工、廃済 教系部勝く一にリマ、所書教系韻櫓れいてて、陳香教系 ムと、よりフリンドを落たす接着剤としては、ゴム ※、耐湿性の信頼性も確保しにくいという問題がある。 、(もつ代十不分社療師の利用動の路蓄勢や初成社の劉 模划、よりてのよの高末※0.8分率分小やの新光製付付温 、である題間の等るもでユノ大館が幸祉国歌やできるよ こ、十分な流動性が得られないため、硬化後残留広力に が摂ましい。貼付け硬化前のゲル分率から0%を超える るこるです多諸卦の※00~28位率化小やの数批願 に、貼付け硬化前のゲル分率が10~50%で、貼付け 計、かいしま状やよことを直を踏かの上U2の8か率代 现代前の分小分率が60%以下で、貼付け硬化後のゲル 行計説、よJIR養療法ム小トCのDP発本、X【IIOO】 よいなきつ用動である機関の等

アし、望ましくない。 ° 9719

西部本日を対象域のmyOcら算れストへ、X。る在

ラのよぶJSJM アい用多O 7 2 − V 信割光光分響(料)

かな数都のり知語母言、とると騒を※さやストへ、よい 旋、箭未208が季畳煮盤光。いしま壁れのるあでのよ か。80%以上の光線透過率と5%以下のへんズをすす 現代された、特に放射線照射により硬化された後の物性 こりももず示い場下、より作善勢の把発本、又【EIOO】

小学小学本合重共で、ロて系イバメイ で木の等2 B B S

、SBS、SIS、ALM会の等くしゃていたいホーム

光分本日多刊蘇城のmu025頁。CA7率酚透縣 光心针はJmn004和率嚴重解光、は空【4100】

多為反小野、又、るきづいることを開発多去手のか野の 等るもりごから合を組みられこれの第一の次し早村多姓 乱対37のものそ代類主解蓄勢、C かえ耐き廃血添の等ー アンチターアといれ批加及、コペカもせら小頭多路落落

、なるならなる動の話上も服養器の開発本【8100】

なる%量数のカーミ州日間勝小リイス、%量数のカーミ

やな人部圏小リウで、よ)合場合版の日部圏小リウでメAA

御働れいりて、るるブルムこるヤ草付き姓新進、姓権高

、フココるヤガ存みの間勝小リセイ、又、るきご船勤き

が工献のムルトで式れる料、でない基督は外ムルトでの 路蓄類、アムニるで計事がAA劃勝れいてて、アウ類、る

な〉〉コきつ界部や対抗直るを校コイッツシ時端、な

☆いなつ代十込卦優添の執続はよるなコ上以刊で13位 子代は平量重、7ない整国をかんないとともなり下以び、

化ができにくくなる。一方、アクリル樹脂BのTgが0

ムれたくるるない商末代01社量午代的半量重。代表社 題間の姿るな〉>コもプルエ曲でふるな〉離ウムルトワ

、ちるえ題きごのやるTのA創題小リペケ【7100】

スリオ事器、J宝鵬フ(DPD)ートてそもイマロイン

ましい。なお、童量千代時平量童、おな、いしま

サンログのもの(アクリル機能B)との混合物が特に好

00元、董量平均分子量が15万未満、折ましくは500

で1~241〉」を扱うごを超え、好ましくは5~15

1070L, ##U</br>

一次電子代は一番車、グンの3ー~つ。3ーキシンは数、子

A10°04(8T) 製監等離れでれ、お翻慮なせなてる表

今代気の附着発系部圏小いてて結上、31変(3100)

るい用>」生我や等のようかる人尊多合諸重二時解下の

現在でより等しこるサら加付を一てくまれことの著れい

イニロリクア 、ハキエジキロドコー2類れリウぐと、、小

じして強力してや木、強力してて、34零基準本、基

受に共産会により導入されたAポートを表し、カルボキシ

、のようし合重共多一マトチハニゴるすぎ多基鎖官の等

いじっこロリクア、小なくりで贈りしてを大いれずエジ

キロイゴーと類小リクを入、ハキエジキロイゴーを類小 (1475)等ハイスエのされる社区類小Uでを入れるしま

類れリペア、めれるや整態を挫動や挫み戻。 はるまつの

するヤン代加主る本合重共のみれ手や本合重の等小デス

エルキャイの等小キク木、ハキア、ルキエ、小卡木のる

パラよりX嬢小UCCと入む>し杏鍋小UCT より略蓄効果

調勝小リペイ。る本で厳秩い許られ由野の等る多でなる

こるでそれろれ小刺なか動りよい人参の基調百割各、コ

。る本でのようし真残しより凝量的さい用きてくす

画る原加藝名の等製動、層結開合重光、こめたるで進場

ふようにするのが好ましい。

*9U

(t)

ΟĮ

て蘇各されるい用で門葬出び及陶勘実の不以、下ま。る 木丁単基量資お陪るれは3個種出び風風動寒。はな。る

部2つ製品同、J配具当つ0017科本間分05、数六 J 不断フや心間付りを多変数な J 爆発 J 勝り さくエルイ る路1410月ニロチアソトソア。オコ脳異コ208、J 山本路の02多くエバイコ階の14キエジをロギゴー2 類小リペアン及路02小千工類小リペア、路07小千下 - ロ強いいてて「蝶睛のつ離勝へいてて」【8500】 。さし関係で前要の次を間倒れいて

部圏れいそその前るや此付る台路重二路線小プン然時間

と10部になるように混合した後、固形分で1部のほと 常りり込みが活出のパテパラを整合を含むでしてて アクリル機能日を含む溶液をそれぞれの固形がかり 0部 る旅客ひ含まA間勘いUCT (獎料のAUFC 生養鉄)

(1開献展) [0500]

。ひとあり、下宮は35℃であった。 . 「お量子や砂平量重の日調酸れいでくっさことかし宝 してて) 調トルリクスで付い機関を合該重二成館不プリ

34087732S

以小樹脂Dの重量平均計予量は13 3万であり、1818

でで、とことかしま晒でして利用したところ、アク

寄む含ま(口調勝ハリカア)部勝ハリカアの前る支加村

3合計重二环館不フノ熱心間和2つ製品同、J品昇当つ

0017446間代0を、剝みJ不断ブイルも間代のと多数 はいずかロニトリル5部をトルエン50部に希釈した答

ツア。カリ部界コワ'08、J m A 路 0 0 2 多 2 エ 4 イコ

路02小キエジキロドコー2類小リセヤび返路08小キ 大鍋小じてや木【嫖鵬の口調磨小じてて」【8200】

は平量連のA調路ハリイマ、ろころふし宝鵬ブリコ新同

樹脂(アクリル樹脂A)を含む溶液を調製した。上記と

ハリペアで特別機関含合結準二時幾下了し終期間約2.27

更、好さし不高アイルな間代のとき斎客さし堺春川路のさ

くエバイを落さ、0イトリやそく。熱ハキでくび蒸離り!

(ハキエミキロドコー2類ハリヘゼス、繋(料)工器体

間、各品商) IOMスペイな、JUO.08多数数@O部

働いいてて居上[嫖鵬のA調勵小いてて]【7200】

ブル用金置装宝瓶 外軽 結るや 広鈴 多 (8 T) 東 島野 薄 ス

(株) MC bC (型智名: Spogex KI SE-

OSD 198 XST:各品商) ムそた蝶一や東(森)

工事時間なり用動多(ムそな裏二)(000m-00

る量子代付平量車のつ間掛小U4下【8200】

(アケリル樹脂の)を含む溶液を調製した。

親定したところ、一38℃であった。

、力であてつ0 E-計2T、Cあつ7.T E 計量干化

18日日)を含む溶液を調製した。上記と同様にして測 熱心間和201隻、針立し不高7444間代のと多新部立し 場許い路のでくエれイ多語で、ロイトリウでを終れそで 第Dの溶液を80℃にし、カレン×MOIIO部表別の0部 【0029】【アクリル樹脂Bの調製、上記アクリル樹

掛ー字トとハキ、マムキといト: 各品商)廃放職③双繋 Q2 * 专門鑑り職籍、Q よい関動実 4 門発本 、不以【関献実】 [0024]

> い見知ふ道 ることができる。放射線照射による硬化方法は、上記に す意樂含本製練品光、(よことことももの) ブン機関を蘇榜城、数小サム合で組を確認の対立アサミ 「0023」上記のように、それらの間に接着剤を介在 こうひょうないないないとは、「BET)製フィルム等が挙げられる。 インチエリホ、おりブリューターリバナ。い見ようサきか 介ブル用ーを一つバナカノ市塗多廃養器は面面の予、> なる。フィルム状盤着剤を2枚の基板の間に介在させる されるともから小野のよい様照線検放を修るとから て蒸、サらかん以間の放基の対なるを放射され媒経話光 多附着掛氷ム小ト C 揺土、払出大街線銭、竹るする冒襲 多去式齿螺の神器棘锯光、制肥発本、11更【2200】 、いな>しませいなくらことなり好ましてない。 外次や計門表でよると数別辺層の線位業とるよぼき『mo

は接着剤を十分に硬化させることができず、10mょ> の範囲が望ましい。照射量が0、1m1 人cm2 未満で の照射量は、紫外線の場合、O、1~10mJ/cm² 線根点。いしま社の許分線や梁さゆき暴しの瞬睛や野習 3つ中のみれこ、い言をよこの験ーを小木工姓所の業験 X、財ペーン、射代器、おり場膜放び加工【1500】

かあり好ましい。 点体でいといみな(闘海敷臣) てトディッホ 。多文なる こるも彭嫖多琳鞅経馬光ブ勲高、ゆふる卡計逝れ為凤〉 悪さりよる及外動感の第一、おの及外動解構なの許、内 、シャルエや合語重二环強不立つ用る等階が開加及(光) 基等の熱硬化反応、放射線硬化方法としては、放射線 ジャホルな今基しミヤ 3基ジャホエ ,基イーネアジソト 3基郷本点页、も1アJ 3去式小野熱、知え啊。いなわア のよるれち宝刷い替、/>負で繋同と去れるれるい用いか

硬化される。硬化方法としては、各種接着剤や塗料の硬 (よい根原線模盤や熱、お降着熱の眼発本【0200】 。い見もてJ用刊工以動2、2見みてい用で越

単わられる。それら利挙が等くしキモスンアロログー8 、れそまてじ、いじくとじ、いじくと、、いしいイニロチで ソトツア、ドトマヒハサしチムミクキハキメミィデ、ド トャマルサルニュアジルジベン、イイナルニュアルジキ <u> ハロクジシキロオヨー 「、、、、、、、ヤキキャキャルチメジー</u> A 、2、 いーをヤいキトンントンン、 いキト競香息云 ベトンペン、頻香息定ベトンペン、ホギーエルキてソト ベトンベン、ハデーエルコロペインンペン、ハデーエル キエントソング 、ハモーエハキメントソング、ントソン グ 、くしェスイサヤ 、くしェインくごおえ風 、>なむづ のよるや玄風の計、おフ」と階級開合重光【9100】

い見らてし砒添き代流の等 「麻如砂線代線、「廃土初小寺、「麻質巧、「廃壁」「一ケトマ

信号を記録したディスクを作製し、シバソク社製しM2 準票 、お字ーでエ19VX面ーをマジ 、まな。。 なし示い 「表き果詰のされ子、J宝郎を率ーでエ1 q VX面ーや で、、二共とるや索護多蹟代の針式工製処間離るもです 条の%28東監技財、プロ8多々ストギロVロのこ、コ 更、J宝彫多(大大戦師代暦+限出: I9、率ーミエの

Ω

多果詩のされ子、J宝服を率ーモエ19V及動一をでく 、31共らるや雰囲を題代の針式し四級アンコ激階と1月 献実多々スト〒GVOのこ、51更、少家豚参率ーでエ1 そ作製した。作製したDVDディスクのジッター値とP クスト〒QVOブンコ新同SI陽越実、44枚以か4用多 にして接着性フィルムを作製した。この接着性フィルム 熱同 3 L 阿誠実、よみればふし合振のでよる冷い路02 3 辞08社代書国のオラバチを整整な会を日調圏ホリクマ る新浴ひ含まA調勵れUCY (2円越楽)【己EOO】 。なり宝鵬544用をAO2

多果舗のされ子、J宝販多率-Cエ19V気動-やいじ 、コ共とるや家師多暦代の新立し更吸了しコ級同と上四、 動実多々ストデロVOのこ、JJ東 J宝鵬多率ーCエI そ作製した。作製したDVDティスクのジッター値とP クストデロVOプリコ教同JIM動実、おけばは次田を ムルトと登着性フィルムを作製した。この接着性フィルム 類同 3 1 個動実 、おれ以立し合動コミよるな知路 0 E 3 用OTA代紙園のA字A子を新習せ含含日間圏本UAT る新部ひ含含A調勵41UCY(E阿鹹寒)【BEOO】 ,かし示コ1表

概多率ーテエ1975万面ーをべて、コ共36下空間多額 4の対立し単映プリコ教同31回献実多々なを子びVロ ☆し繋れ、なし繋れるペストテロVロコヤサ根照験代案 1と同様にしてDVDティスク基板を貼り合わせた後、 例動実、よいれいコンパー用多新常陪香おれて、。立人襲君多新 務廃養詩、J 城添多(桝合 ハイーネママソト 、鰈(粉) べをマウル本本日、コイーネバに:各品商) 医翻案 独外 を10部になるように混合した後、固形分で5部の熱硬 路0.974代後国のパチパチを新寄む含まり間掛れいでて 【0037】(比較例1)アクリル樹脂にそ名む溶液と 表1に示した。

襲升。六人襲引きでストデロVロコや女根照線代號、針 **さかれ合り調多類基々ストテロVロブル用多ムルトと卦** 書類、ブココ耕同と1個前実(2個類出)【8600】 。 ふし示い 1 表を果跡のも なう 、し宝

[6600]

> 。各古万數 晶本示き動大函の8nstalsT、はな。公J示コ1表 多果盆のみれ手。より宝暦多率哲野遊刊で刊条の代入づ る敦憨断具、Z H I 遊敷間、ブバル用を具合のイーマでい 園品名:ARES-2KSTD)で25mm ゆのパラレ 、螻丼ート・Cエ・セットてトテンエトサ・セッセイト 木(4) 置装宝販針単計を計算にかれる等。なしく刊製に アノ圏並上以間部1つ監常、考抜さ打つもmmさら、毅 Ommとなるように積層し、常温で24時間放置した ・1~2.0分型類のムハトて対答数、少合で扱う特条 OMPa、温度:80℃、ロール速度:0.5m人分の 10 ・1:代丑、74用多々一キミモハーロ多志同ムハトて針 【0031】(貯蔵弾性率の測定)上記で作製した揺着 。今日本ナーターとして用りいて任着性フィルムを作製した。 多(媒(耕) √帝、2 € - S द √ √ √ − ± 当: 各品面) 3分間熱風乾燥した後、離型処理したPET製フィルム 20.001 つ事変プーターにパーロコミよるなごには さかならりで分割の(螺(料)人帝、16-Aたくで を、離型処理したPET製フィルム(商品名:ピューレ

コ1、表多果鉢のられ子。ココ出糞多率代れや作まコ次次 、J宝騰多(8) 。W最質のわさムルトに材基、考剤C 那文は会議を開き着されなから接着剤を総て取 し、130℃で10分間乾燥してその質量W2 (g)を 出り加多套数パトウなし解密び及自鍵属さゆ中くエル イ、教式し野吸間代017階或音路、J電影コンエバイ 多台鏡端のこ。なし宝勝多(g) 1W量質の多、Jが味 切断した接着性フィルムから片面のPE工製フィルムを こりゅのシ×mmのか(宝服の率代れぞ)【2800】

M - 1M) $/ 001 \times (00 - 100) = (8) 蜜供14$

cm² 顕射して競響性フィルムを硬化し、DVDディス 人し「多解代表プロ7歳、高压水銀灯にて紫外線を10人 マストテロVGの2第31」熱味コブロ8コ南事ブい用き ーターネミモバーロ空真さし燃成コンのてコ面の式一ぐ した第1のDVDマイスク基板に貼り合わせ、次いても 療成のつの851商事 ノル用多ーターを多を小一口登奠会 た。次に、打ち抜いた整着性フィルムを70℃に加熱し い抜き打ライッなてーバコ券ツッキー3でmmESA 内、mm911至4、ブル用多壁金ペイムイタムルトマ 社参報さい連邦で話し(関わのたとで)【EE00】

ADディスクのジックー値とPIエラー率(PI信号で □六ノ螺軒で店土(京阪村牌のスメルギ)【4€00】 。カン螺科タク

【[圣]

(9)

36 38 38 34 日 载 到								
3	ī	. E	3	ī				
1.0 x 10 ⁶	9 ^{01 x 1 1} 1	8°4 x 10 ₂	1.0 x 10 ⁶	9 ^{01 × 7°1}	(Pa)	2 0 C 貯蔵機	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
rix 10 ₄	2 _{01 × 1.3}	€01 x 8.7	*01 × 0.1	1°2 x 104	£寒(₽å) ★	解療領プロ8	赫代荣 簡掃源	
3 .0	٤6	p .0	₹ 0	9.0	(%)	奉代八七		M W X
	-	9 ^{01 x 0 '9}	6.9 × 10 ⁵	SO1 × 1.0				既 赛 3
-	-	98	88	0.6	(%)	海代小社	競校課	
1.6	1.6	16	2 6	1.6	(%)	準數函線光	筹梯锹	
8 . 1	g · ī	1 .1	I 'I	1.5	(%)	XYV		
9	9	9	9	9	(%)		油塑型	
6 0	s · 0	\$ 0	ን '0	ε .0	(%)	*-6119		1
5 麗 は 腱	坐架游声	7 \$ 7) \$	7 24 24 28	7 77 71 32	,,,,	13 16 13 16	#5 HG 54	421
	0 1	2	9	9	(%)	•	nau.	
	9 '6	\$ 10	Þ .0	F 0	(%)	凌一4114		Ĩ

* [0041]

专界顕さ性所見のう監高るを主発網る专用動り網実、ラ 付け後、接着剤を特に放射線照射により硬化させること であった保護機が不要になる。更に、2枚の基板を貼り 要かよりファイトやムバトへの来が、へかえるきつが追引状部 り着くことができ、DVDディスク上の微細なピットの 現コクストテロソロアン会体等も込き巻の監禁、ひよコー02 コ阿維美、コとよのもも明られて奏。社会表で蓄米※2 3.こるい用 § 陌 蕎 新 井 ム 小 ト て の 神 発 本 【 果 厳 の 神 発 】

IES

。るいフリ主発が水崎まりブセスト 〒 ロ V ロ る 科 コ 2 門 煉 札 、 し 土 浜 小 広 戻 む フ て ス ト 〒 ロ VGる科コ1門強力、ブリドコのいなし小変さんな社踊 権例に係るDVDティスクは、上記処理後においても外 実、又、るいアで生土の副大多動副目のパラパラ派士は ススト〒GVGる船こ11円簿扎、ブリ村これのるいブリホ 係るDVDディスクは上記それぞれの目標値を十分に満 の目標値が10%未満であり、PIエラー率の目標値が 前一々べいのくストテロVロの約野嬰婦上【0000】

考読のマーグインロC

(孝徳) 4-[5-4

CIIB 1/39 ЫΒ

\$22.445Z8

189 号5周段艦

CIIB 1/39 (51) lot. Cl.?

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* NOTICES *

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1. This document has been translated by computer. So the translation may not reflect the original precisely.

Z.*** shows the word which can not be translated.

3.In the drawings, any words are not translated.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[Detailed Description of the Invention]

[1000]

[Field of the Invention] This invention relates to the manufacturing method of the optical recording medium which uses the film glue for optical recording media, and its adhesives. [0002]

[Description of the Prior Art]One of the media which record an audio signal, a video signal, and various kinds of information has an optical recording medium (optical disc), and the optical disk substrate of two sheets which has a recording layer in at least one sheet is stuck mutually, and it is united, and is constituted. Improvement various as a recording medium replaced with CD lessen influence of a tilt, even if especially DVD that raised storage density by leaps and bounds uses the lens of high NA by the laser of short wavelength.

[0003] As adhesives at the time of sticking two above-mentioned substrates conventionally, radical system and cation system ultraviolet curing type cannot be used with an opaque substrate. The and a radical system ultraviolet curing type cannot be used with an opaque substrate. The cation system ultraviolet curing type needs to form a protective film independently, in order to prevent the corrosion by strong acid generated from a hardening initiator.

[0004]On the other hand, adhesive sheets are proposed are indicated in JP,9-237440,A, a 10-293946 gazette, etc. from a point of thickness accuracy. However, these adhesive sheets of the flattery nature to the detailed pit etc. which were formed in signal planes, such as DVD-Priori and there are problems, such as increase of a process and an increase in a material priori and there are problems, such as increase of a process and an increase in a material cost, from corrosion occurring in a reflection film by invasion of the contamination of air bubbles, moisture, etc., it is properly used from the convenience of the productivity of the

company which manufactures the type and optical disc of media, etc.

[9000]

[Problem(s) to be Solved by the Invention] These days, a next-generation type requires higher storage density, the short wavelength formation of the laser used and high NA-ization of a lens progress, and the large improvement in the thickness accuracy of an optical (laser) transmission layer including the thinning and adhesives of thickness of the substrate which light (laser) penetrates has been an important technical problem.

[0006] This invention has the thickness accuracy which the adhesives of the flattery nature to the minute shape which liquefied type adhesives have, and a film type have in view of the above situation, and an object of this invention is to provide the adhesives for lamination of the highly efficient optical recording medium substrate in which productivity excelled the conventional adhesives.

[7000]

[0100]

constitute an optical recording medium, and stiffening these adhesives by radiation irradiation. which consists of making film glue of one of the above intervene between two substrates which [0009] This invention makes a gist a manufacturing method of an optical recording medium molecular weight consists of a mixture with less than 150,000 acrylic resin. exceed 0 **, and, as for film glue for optical recording media of this invention, weight average average molecular weight, 100,000 or more acrylic resins and glass transition temperature an unsaturated double bond of isolation. Glass transition temperature is 0 ** or less, in weight those ester as the main ingredients, and consists of acrylic resin system adhesives which have for optical recording media of this invention uses acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, or a polymer of being what shows light transmission of not less than 80%, and 5% or less of Hayes. Film glue this invention is characterized by physical properties after hardening by radiation irradiation mentioned hardening depends on radiation irradiation. Film glue for optical recording media of for optical recording media of this invention is characterized by being what the aboveand a get fraction after attachment hardening has not less than 80% of performance. Film glue recording media of this invention, a gel fraction before attachment hardening is 60% or less, attachment hardening has the performance more than 1x10 ⁵Pa. As for film glue for optical gist film glue for optical recording media with which a storage modulus of 80 ** after and, as for this invention, a storage modulus of 25 ** before attachment hardening makes a [0008]Namely, in more than 1x10 5 Pa, a storage modulus which is 80 ** is below 5x10 4 Pa, hardening is shown could attain the purpose of this invention, and reached this invention. with a storage modulus before attachment, and a value with a specific storage modulus after research wholeheartedly, this invention persons found out that film glue in which it sticks on [Means for Solving the Problem] To achieve the above objects, as a result of repeating

either. of thing / the heat resistance at the time of addition of a reflection film and use of adhesives], attachment hardening cannot secure damp-proof reliability easily insufficiently [less than 80% after-hardening remaining stress increasing, and there is a problem that the gel fraction after hardening exceeds 60%, There is a problem of the camber and double refraction factor by to 50%. Since sufficient mobility will not be obtained if the gel fraction before attachment especially the performance whose gel fraction after attachment hardening is 85 to 100% at 10 80% of performance, it is preferred that the gel fraction before attachment hardening has less, Although it is preferred that the gel fraction after attachment hardening has not less than [0011] The gel fraction before attachment hardening of the film glue of this invention is 60% or or camber occurring on a disk, and cannot use it. pasted together in the thing of less than 1x10 ⁵Pa at the time of use of adhesives separating, disc substrate of two sheets which the storage modulus of 80 ** after attachment hardening is 80 **] cannot be secured in the thing more than 5x10 4Pa. There can be a problem of the opposed to the detailed signal pit of an optical recording medium in the storage modulus which maintain membranous shape in the thing of less than 1x10 Ppa, and flattery nature [as 1x10 °Pa. It is difficult for the storage modulus of 25 ** before attachment hardening to The storage modulus of 80 ** after attachment hardening has the performance of 5x10 $^{\rm 5}{\rm Pa}$ attachment hardening are $5x10^5$ Pa - $1x10^7$ Pa, and 80^{**} are $1x10^2$ Pa - $2x10^4$ Pa preferably, ⁵Pa, the film glue of this invention, The storage moduli whose storage moduli of 25 ** before storage modulus of 80 ** after attachment hardening has the performance more than 1x10 before attachment hardening of more than 1x10 $^5\mathrm{Pa}$ is 80 ** is below 5x10 $^4\mathrm{Pa}$ and the [Embodiment of the Invention] Although the storage modulus whose storage modulus of 25

[0012]As adhesives which fulfill the above-mentioned conditions, elastomeric adhesive, acrylic resin system adhesives, silicone resin system adhesives, etc. are mentioned, and what combined these can be used. As elastomeric adhesive, of the melt system block copolymers, auch as synthetic rubbers, and has crude rubber, adhesive, hot melt system block copolymers, auch as synthetic rubbers, and SEBS, etc. go up. SBR, isobutylene isoprene rubber, and polyisobutylene, SIS, SBS, and SEBS, etc. go up. SBR, isobutylene isoprene rubber, and polyisobutylene, SIS, SBS, and SEBS, etc. go up. as shown below after especially radiation irradiation hardened to be what shows the light transmission of not less than 80% and 5% or less of Hayes. It light transmission exceeds less than 80% and Hayes exceeds 5%, the accuracy of signal reading falls and it is not desirable. [0014]Light transmission is the light transmission at 400 nm, and measures a 50-micrometer-thick specimen using the spectrophotometer V-570 by Jasco Corp. Hayes measures a 50-micrometer-thick specimen using the spectrophotometer V-570 by Jasco Corp. Hayes measures a 50-micrometer-thick specimen using the spectrophotometer V-570 by Jasco Corp. Hayes measures a 50-micrometer-thick specimen using the using Nippon Denshoku Co., Ltd. make turbidity meter NDH-2000.

[0015]Also among the various above-mentioned adhesives, acrylic resin system adhesives are excellent in transparency, and adjustment of physical properties is easy for them, and they are preferred especially from the reason of being able to give various hardenability by introducing various functional groups. Although acrylic resin system adhesives use polymers and those copolymers, such as alkyl eater, such as acrylic acid, methacrylic acid or those methyl, ethyl, butyl, and octyl, as the main ingredients, in order to adjust reactivity and polarity, to acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, or those eater Acrylic acid 2-hydroxyethyl, What carried out copolymerization of the vinyl monomer which has functional groups, auch as methacrylic acid 2-hydroxyethyl, glycidyl methacrylate, and acrylonitrile, To an epoxy group, a carboxy group, a carboxy group, etc. which were introduced by copolymerization. The thing etc. into which the unsaturated double bond of isolation was made to introduce according to making vinyl monomers, such as acrylic acid, glycidyl methacrylate, methacrylic acid 2-hydroxyethyl, and acrylonitrile, add etc. are used preferably.

ray absorbent, may be added if needed. Ingredients, such as a tackifier, a plasticizer, a modifier, an antiaging agent, and an ultraviolet agents, such as a photopolymerization initiator and a catalyst, can be added suitably. combining these are employable. In order to promote a hardening reaction, various auxiliary oligomer and a monomer, giving reactivity to the adhesives main ingredients itself, or order to stiffen adhesives, the various techniques of adding additive agents, such as reactant [0018]Although the adhesives of this invention consist of the above-mentioned composition, in resin A to become 95 to 60 mass %, and to make it acrylic resin B become 5 - 40 mass %. existing. As for the mixing ratio of acrylic resin A and acrylic resin B, it is preferred for acrylic resin A existing is securable. Mobility and flattery nature can be given in acrylic resin B the processability of the film obtained by film-ization of adhesives becoming easy in acrylic is not enough, it will become difficult to secure the flattery nature to a detailed pit. Therefore, average molecular weight becomes 150,000 or more, since the mobility at the time of heating become difficult on the other hand if Tg of acrylic resin B will be 0 ** or less, and weight becomes less than 100,000, it can become difficult to perform film-ization. If film-ization will becomes weak if Tg of acrylic resin A exceeds 0 **, and if weight average molecular weight [0017] There are problems, such as becoming difficult to be possible [processing], since a film chromatography (GPC), and is converted by the analytical curve using standard polystyrene. weight preferably. Weight average molecular weight is measured with gel permeation [less than 150,000] 5-150 ** and especially preferably preferred weight average molecular preferably 100,000 or more, and a mixture with the thing (acrylic resin B) of 500-100,000 has average molecular weight, the thing (acrylic resin A) of 200,000-1,500,000 and Tg exceed 0 adhesives, 0 ** or less of glass transition temperature (Tg) is -5 **-60 ** preferably, In weight [0016] The acrylic resin which is an ingredient of the above-mentioned acrylic resin system

[0019] Especially as a photopolymerization initiator, do not limit and, for example Benzophenone, An acetophenone, benzoin, benzoin methyl ether, benzoin ethyl ether, benzoin propyl ether, benzoin isobutyl ether, benzoin benzoic acid, Benzoin methyl benzoate, benzoin dimethyl ketal, 2,4-dimethyl CHIOOKI Sansone, 1-hydroxycyclohexylphenyl ketone, benzyldiphenyl sulfide, tetramethylthiuram monosulfide, azo-isobutyro-dinitrile, benzyl, diacetyl, beta-chloroanthraquinone, etc. are mentioned. These may be used independently and may be used together two or more sorts.

[0020] The adhesives of this invention are hardened by heat and radiation irradiation. As a curing method, it may be the same as that of the method used for hardening of various adhesives or a paint, and is not limited in particular. For example, as a heat curing method, and is not limited in particular. For example, as a heat curing method, methods of having used the radiation (light) reactional initiator etc., such as radiation-curing reactions, such as an unsaturated double bond and an epoxy group, are mentioned as heat-curing reactions, such as a reaction hydroxyl group, an isocyanate group, and a carboxy group, and the radiation-curing method. Since a reaction generally advances more quickly than a heat-curing reaction, especially the radiation-curing reaction can manufacture an optical recording medium at high speed, has the advantage that [0021]Radiation means activity energy lines, such as ultraviolet rays, a beta ray, and X-rays, and especially its ultraviolet rays are above preferred from the ease of carrying out of and especially its ultraviolet rays are above preferred from the ease of carrying out of

management or control also in these. In the case of ultraviolet rays, the dose of radiation has the desirable range of 0.1 - 10 mJ/cm². The characteristic will be spoiled and it is not preferred that transparency will deteriorate by the side reaction of ultraviolet rays, etc. if a dose cannot

fully stiffen adhesives by less than 0.1 mJ/cm² and exceeds 10 mJ/cm² etc. [0022]Although this invention makes the manufacturing method of an optical recording medium a gist, this manufacturing method consists of making the above-mentioned film glue intervene glue by radiation irradiation. as a method of making film glue intervening between two substrates, film glue could be made to intervene directly and adhesives were applied to the both sides — the **** intervention for separators may be carried out. As a separator, the film made from polyethylene terephthalate (PET), etc. are mentioned.

[0023]As mentioned above, after making adhesives intervene and pasting two substrates together among them, an optical recording medium can be manufactured by irradiation with radiation and stiffening these adhesives. The curing method by radiation irradiation should just

[0024]

[Example]Hereafter, an example explains this invention in detail. The part in an example and a comparative example is a mass basis. First, the various acrylic resins used by the following

examples and comparative examples were prepared in the following way. [0025][Preparation of acrylic resin C] 200 copies of toluene was added to 70 copies of acrylic scid 2-hydroxyethyl, and acid n-butyl, 20 copies of ethyl acrylate, and ten copies of acrylic acid 2-hydroxyethyl, and temperature up was carried out to 80 **. After being dropped having covered the solution which diluted one copy of azo-isobutyro-dinitrile in 50 copies of toluene for 30 minutes, it applied for 30 minutes, temperature up was carried out to 100 **, and the solution containing the acrylic resin (acrylic resin C) before heating at the temperature for 2 hours and adding an the acrylic resin (acrylic resin C) before heating at the temperature for 2 hours and adding an the acrylic resin (acrylic resin C) before heating at the temperature for 2 hours and adding an arresting at the acrylic resin (acrylic resin C) before heating at the temperature for 2 hours and adding an arresting at the acrylic resin (acrylic resin C) before heating at the temperature for 2 hours and adding an arresting at the acrylic resin (acrylic resin C) before heating at the temperature for 2 hours and adding an arresting at the acrylic resin (acrylic resin C) before heating at the temperature for 2 hours and adding an arresting and acrylic resin (acrylic resin C) before heating and acrylic resin (acrylic resin C) before heating and acrylic resin (acrylic resin C) and acrylic resin (acrylic resin C) are acrylic resin (acrylic resin C).

unsaturated double bond was prepared. [0026]It was 250,000 as a result of measuring the weight average molecular weight of acrylic resin C using GPC by Showa Denko K.K. (trade name: Shodex RI SE-1) which uses the column by TOSOH CORP. (trade name: TSKgel G5000-3000) (2 ream column). It was -38 ** when measured using the viscoelasticity measuring apparatus which mentions glass transition

temperature (Tg) later. [0027][Preparation of acrylic resin A] The solution of the above-mentioned acrylic resin C shall be 80 **, After being dropped covering the solution which diluted ten copies of currant MOI (a trade name, the Showa Denko K.K. make, methacrylic acid 2-hydroxyethyl), and 0.5 copy of dibutyltin dilaurate in 50 copies of toluene for 30 minutes, The solution containing the acrylic resin A) which heats for further 2 hours and has an unsaturated double bond in a side chain was prepared. When measured like the above, the weight average molecular weight side chain was prepared. When measured like the above, the weight average molecular weight

of acrylic resin A was 310,000, and Tg was -30 **. [0028][Preparation of acrylic resin D] 200 copies of toluene was added to 80 copies of methyl methacrylate, and 20 copies of acrylic acid 2-hydroxyethyl, and temperature up was carried out to 80 **. After being dropped having covered the solution which diluted five copies of azonisobutyro-dinitrile in 50 copies of toluene for 30 minutes, it applied for 30 minutes, temperature up was carried out to 100 **, and the solution containing the acrylic resin (acrylic resin D) before heating at the temperature for 2 hours and adding an unsaturated double bond was prepared. When measured like the above, the weight average molecular weight of acrylic resin prepared. When measured like the above, the weight average molecular weight of acrylic resin

D was 13,000, and Tg was 25 **. [0029][Preparation of acrylic resin B] The solution of the above-mentioned acrylic resin D shall be 80 **, After being dropped having covered the solution which diluted ten copies of currant MOI, and 0.5 copy of dibutyltin dilaurate in 50 copies of toluene for 30 minutes, the solution containing the acrylic resin (acrylic resin B) which heats for 2 hours and has an unsaturated double bond in a side chain was prepared. When measured like the above, the weight average molecular weight of acrylic resin B was 18,000, and Tg was 35 **.

[0030](Example 1)
(Production of an adhesive film) After mixing the solution containing acrylic resin A and the solution containing acrylic resin B so that each solid content may be 90 copies and ten copies,

the ultraviolet-rays reactional initiator (trade name: IRGACURE, Ciba-Geigy make) of one copy was added by solid content, and the binder solution was produced. This binder solution is applied by a roll coater so that thickness may be set to 45 micrometers on the film made from PET (trade name: PUREX A-31, Teijin, Ltd. make) which carried out releasing treatment by solid content, After carrying out hot air drying for 3 minutes at 100 **, the adhesive film was produced using the film made from PET (trade name: PUREX S-32, Teijin, Ltd. make) which carried out releasing treatment as a laminating machine.

Comred our releasing treatment as a strinitating machine.

[0031](Measurement of a storage modulus) A roll laminator is used for the adhesive film comrade who produced above, Pressure: After having laminated so that the thickness of lamination and an adhesive film might be set to 0.5-1.0 mm on condition of for 1.0MPa, temperature:80 **, and roll speed:0.5-m/, and neglecting it at ordinary temperature for 1.0MPa, hours, it pierced to 25 mmphi, it was neglected at ordinary temperature for 1 hour or more, and was considered as the specimen. The storage modulus was measured for the obtained specimen on condition of for frequency [of 1 Hz], and heating-rate/of 5 ** using the jig of the parallel plate of 25 mmphi with the viscoelasticity measuring apparatus (made in LEO metric scientific Effie, trade name:ARES-2KSTD). Those results were shown in Table 1. Tg is a temperature which shows the maximal value of tandelts.

the adhesive film cut to 40 mm x 40 mm, and the mass W_1 (g) was measured. After immersing this specimen in toluene and processing it for 10 minutes by an ultrasonic tub, the piece of the blank test in toluene and the residue which was not dissolved were taken out, it dried for 10 minutes at 130 **, and that mass W_2 (g) was measured. All adhesives were removed from the film made from PET of the substrate, mass W_0 (g) of only a base film was measured, and the

[0032](Measurement of a gel fraction) The film made from PET of one side was removed from

gel fraction was computed with the following formula. Those results were shown in Table 1. Gel fraction (%) =(W_2 - W_0) x100/(W_1 - W_0)

[0033](Production of a disk) The adhesive film produced above was pierced by half cutting using the Thompson metallic mold to doughnut form the outer diameter of 119 mm, and 23 mm in inside diameter. Next, the vacuum roll laminating machine to the 1st DVD disk board heated at 80 ** a priori and pasting together to the 2nd DVD disk board heated at 80 ** a priori using the vacuum roll laminating machine subsequently to 70 ** heated to another field, It 1-J/cm-2-irradiated with ultraviolet rays with the high-pressure mercury-vapor lamp, the adhesive film was hardened, and the DVD disk was produced.

[0034](Physical-properties measurement of a disk) the jitter value of the DVD disk produced above, and PI error ratio (the error ratio in PI signal.) PI: The proportionality + integral control method was measured, the appearance after carrying out 96 time processings of this DVD disk

on 80 ** and the conditions of 85% of relative humidity was observed further, and the jitter value and PI error ratio were measured, and those results were shown in Table 1. The jitter value and PI error ratio produced the disk which recorded the standard signal, and measured it using LM220A by SHIBASOKU.

[0035](Example 2) The adhesive film was produced like Example 1 except having mixed the solution containing acrylic resin A and the solution containing acrylic resin B so that each solid content might be 80 copies and 20 copies. The DVD disk was produced like Example 1 except having used this adhesive film. The jitter value and PI error ratio of the DVD disk which were produced were measured, the appearance after processing this DVD disk like Example 1 was observed further, and the jitter value and PI error ratio were measured, and the jitter value and PI error ratio were measured, and the jitter value and PI error ratio were measured, and those results were

shown in Table 1. [0036] (Example 3) The adhesive film was produced like Example 1 except having mixed the solution containing acrylic resin A and the solution containing acrylic resin B so that each solid content might be 70 copies and 30 copies. The DVD disk was produced like Example 1 except having used this adhesive film. The jitter value and PI error ratio of the DVD disk which were produced were measured, the appearance after processing this DVD disk like Example 1 was produced were measured, the appearance after processing this DVD disk like Example 1 was produced were measured, the appearance after processing this DVD disk like Example 1 was produced were measured, the appearance and PI error ratio were measured, and those results were

shown in Table 1. [0037] (Comparative example 1) After mixing the solution containing acrylic resin C and the solution containing acrylic resin D so that each solid content may be 90 copies and ten copies, The thermosetting cross linking agent (trade name: the corneite L, the product made from Japanese Polyurethane, an isocyanate compound) of five copies was added by solid content, and the binder solution was produced. Except having used this binder solution, after pasting a and the binder solution was produced. Except having used this binder solution, after pasting a DVD disk board together like Example 1, the DVD disk was produced, without carrying out UV irradiation. The appearance after processing the produced DVD disk like Example 1 was observed, and the jitter value and PI error ratio were measured, and those results were shown observed, and the jitter value and PI error ratio were measured, and those results were shown

in Table 1. [0038](Comparative example 2) Like Example 1, after pasting a DVD disk board together using an adhesive film, the DVD disk was produced, without carrying out UV irradiation. The appearance after processing the produced DVD disk like Example 1 was observed, and the

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[0040]Although the desired value of the jitter value of the DVD disk after the above-mentioned processing is less than 10% and the desired value of PI error ratio is less than 2%, In the top, the DVD disk concerning the comparative example 1 is waiting for the desired value of each above substantially to the DVD disk concerning an example fully fulfilling the desired value of each above so that clearly from Table 1. In the DVD disk concerning the comparative example as the above so that clearly from Table 1. In the DVD disk concerning at all after the above-mentioned 1, it was generated by air bubbles to appearance not changing at all after the above-mentioned processing, and peeling has generated the DVD disk concerning an example in the DVD disk processing, and peeling has generated the DVD disk concerning an example in the DVD disk

concerning the comparative example 2.

[Effect of the Invention] Since there is no contamination of air bubbles, and it can atick on a DVD disk, it can reach and the shape of the detailed pit on a DVD disk can be followed by using the film glue of this invention, in the conventional film type, the required protective film becomes unnecessary. The reliability in the elevated temperature generated when actually using it is [after sticking two substrates] also securable by stiffening especially adhesives by radiation irradiation.

[Translation done.]